

☆句型 1☆

What	was	she/he	doing	then?
	were	you/they		at that time? at six last night?

I/She/He	was	singing dancing	(then).
We/You/They	were	having snacks	

【即刻救援】

- 過去進行式是指過去某個特定時間正在發生的事情或持續的動作，動詞為：「過去式 be 動詞 + V-ing」。
- 過去進行式經常搭配「過去某個特定時間」的時間副詞，如 then（當時）、at that time（在那個時候）、at six last night（昨晚六點）等。
- 過去進行式的答句可省略時間副詞，或是將已知時間用 then 來表示。

【出神入化】

- A: What were you doing at eight this morning? B: I was sleeping in my bed then.
A: 你今天早上八點正在做什麼?
B: 我那時正在我的床上睡覺。
- A: What were Mom and Dad doing at that time? B: They were jogging in the park.
A: 媽媽和爸爸那個時間正在做什麼?
B: 他們正在公園慢跑。

【現學現用】

- Stacy: 你昨晚七點在做什麼? George: 我那時正在跟我弟弟玩電腦遊戲。
Stacy: _____ you _____ at seven _____ ?
George: I _____ computer games with my brother _____.
- Sophie: 你太太那時候在做什麼? Mike: 她那時在煮午餐。
Sophie: _____ your wife _____ at that _____ ?
Mike: She _____ lunch _____.
- Mom: 孩子們今天下午三點在做什麼? Dad: 他們正在讀英文。
Mom: What _____ the children _____ at three _____ ?
Dad: They _____ English.
- 我們昨天早上九點正在市場買食物。
We _____ food at the market _____.

☆句型 2☆

(1)

When Fred arrived at the party, everyone was surprised.
= Everyone was surprised when Fred arrived at the party.

(2)

They were crying for help when a rabbit went by.
= When a rabbit went by, they were crying for help.

【即刻救援】

1. 從屬連接詞 when 是指「當……的時候」，用來引導「動作或事件的發生時間」的句子。
2. when 引導的「時間副詞子句」放在句首時，需以逗號與後句隔開；when 子句放在句中時，與前句「不需要」以逗點隔開。

【出神入化】

1. I was angry when Peter broke my bike.
= When Peter broke my bike, I was angry.
當 Peter 弄壞我的腳踏車時，我很生氣。
2. James was very sad when his grandfather passed away.
= When James' grandfather passed away, he was very sad.
當 James 的爺爺過世時，他非常難過。
3. When Dad came home last night, we were watching TV.
= We were watching TV when Dad came home last night.
爸爸昨晚回家時，我們正在看電視。

【現學現用】

1. 當他正在等待援救時，一名男子經過。
_____ he _____ for help, a man _____.
2. 當 Mary 跌倒時，她哭了。
Mary _____ she fell down.
3. 當 Jerry 站起來時，Sherry 正在喝水。
_____ Jerry _____, Sherry _____ water.
4. 孩子們看見彼此時非常地快樂。
The children were very happy _____ they _____ each other.
= _____ the children _____ each other, they were very happy.

☆句型 3☆

Before her dad came home, she cleaned the house.
= She cleaned the house before her dad came home.

After he finished his homework, he went to the party.
= He went to the party after he finished his homework.

【即刻救援】

1. 從屬連接詞 before (在……之前)，表示「在某動作或事件發生之前」。從屬連接詞 after (在……之後)，表示「在某動作或事件發生之後」。如：before/after we finished dinner (在我們吃完晚餐前/後)。
2. before/after 所引導的副詞子句用來表示「動作(事件)發生之前/後」，而非「某動作持續進行期間」，因此子句的動詞用簡單式，不用進行式。
3. before/after 引導的「時間副詞子句」放在句首時，需以逗號與後句隔開；放在句中時，與前句「不需要」以逗號隔開。

【出神入化】

1. Before Neil studied, he drank a cup of milk.
= Neil drank a cup of milk before he studied.
Neil 讀書前喝了一杯牛奶。
2. After Jack sat down, he ate his lunch.
= Jack ate his lunch after he sat down.
Jack 坐下後，他吃了午餐。
3. Before Mom came home, we finished our homework.
= We finished our homework before Mom came home.
在媽媽回家之前，我們完成了我們的回家作業。
4. After he sold his computer, he bought a new cellphone.
= He bought a new cellphone after he sold his computer.
在他賣掉他的電腦之後，他買了一支新手機。

【現學現用】

1. Mary 上床睡覺前洗了臉。
Mary washed her face _____ she _____ to bed.
2. 我們在客廳看電視前餵了狗。
We fed the dog _____ we _____ in the living room.
3. 他們贏得比賽之後就慶祝。
They _____ they _____ the game.
4. 我姊姊種了一些花之後就出了門。
My sister _____ out _____ she _____ some _____.

一、選擇 90% (每題 6 分)

- () 1. He tried over and over again before he _____.
(A) was giving up (B) gives up (C) gave up (D) is giving up
- () 2. Alice went to bed _____ she read a book.
(A) when (B) so (C) but (D) after
- () 3. What was _____ doing at that time?
(A) they (B) Frank (C) you (D) Mom and Dad
- () 4. The children were happy when they _____ their parents.
(A) see (B) seeing (C) saw (D) sees
- () 5. When my husband came home, I _____.
(A) am cooking (B) don't cook (C) not cooking (D) was cooking
- () 6. The baby cried when he _____ hungry.
(A) is (B) was (C) did (D) were
- () 7. A: What _____ you doing at six last night? B: I was reading.
(A) did (B) are (C) were (D) was
- () 8. A: _____ was Ryan doing at ten last night? B: He was studying English.
(A) Why (B) Where (C) When (D) What
- () 9. A: What was your mom doing then? B: She _____.
(A) was dancing (B) watched TV (C) didn't go with us (D) is walking
- () 10. A: What did he do when he saw the fox? B: He _____.
(A) ran away (B) was running away (C) runs away (D) doesn't run away
- () 11. A: What _____ before you went to school? B: I ate breakfast.
(A) do you do (B) are you doing (C) did you do (D) can you do
- () 12. When her grandpa passed away, she was at home. = _____
(A) She was at home, so her grandpa passed away.
(B) She was at home when her grandpa passed away.
(C) She was at home before her grandpa passed away.
(D) She was at home because her grandpa passed away.
- () 13. Bill played basketball after he swam. = _____
(A) Bill swam after he played basketball. (B) Bill swam when he played basketball.
(C) Bill swam before he played basketball. (D) Bill swam because he played basketball.
- () 14. _____ Eva was surprised _____ Peter arrived.
(A) So; because (B) When; × (C) ×; when (D) Before; after
- () 15. A: What _____ Mr. and Mrs. Brown _____ at six this morning? B: They were jogging.
(A) were; doing (B) is; doing (C) do; do (D) was; do

二、翻譯填空 10% (每格 1 分)

1. 蝴蝶飛過之後，青蛙就跳了起來。

The frog _____ up _____ the butterfly _____ by.
= The butterfly _____ by _____ the frog _____ up.

2. 當我經過時，妹妹正在哭。

My little sister _____ I _____ by.

一、選擇 90% (每題 6 分)

- () 1. What was _____ reading at ten last night?
(A) they (B) your daughter (C) your sons (D) you
- () 2. When Jack _____ at the park, he saw an old man there.
(A) arrivies (B) arrived (C) arriving (D) to arrive
- () 3. She was scared _____ she heard the ghost story.
(A) when (B) X (C) so (D) but
- () 4. The little girl _____ when she couldn't find her mother.
(A) is busy (B) are tired (C) was sad (D) were surprised
- () 5. They _____ to the party after they dressed up in costumes.
(A) goes (B) go (C) are going (D) went
- () 6. A: What were they doing at nine this morning? B: They _____ to school.
(A) walk (B) walks (C) were walking (D) are walking
- () 7. A: What were you doing when he went to work? B: I _____.
(A) were sleeping (B) slept (C) am sleeping (D) was sleeping
- () 8. A: What _____ Lisa and her friends doing then? B: I don't know.
(A) can (B) did (C) was (D) were
- () 9. A: What did you do after you finished your homework? B: I _____ to music.
(A) was listening (B) listened (C) listening (D) listen
- () 10. When David invited Helen, she was very happy. = _____
(A) Helen was very happy, so David invited her.
(B) Helen was very happy when David invited her.
(C) When Helen was very happy, David invited her.
(D) Helen was very happy before David invited her.
- () 11. Jennifer got all wet when it rained. = _____
(A) It rained after Jennifer got all wet. (B) Jennifer got all wet before it rained.
(C) When it rained, Jennifer got all wet. (D) Because Jennifer got all wet, it rained.
- () 12. Vincent _____ with Nick after Nick _____ him.
(A) fought; hit (B) fight; hit (C) fights; is hitting (D) was fighting; hits
- () 13. A: What _____ he _____ at that time? B: He was using his cellphone.
(A) was; doing (B) is; doing (C) did; do (D) does; did
- () 14. We _____ when we _____ the touching movie.
(A) are crying; watched (B) crying; watch (C) cried; watched (D) cry; were watching
- () 15. What _____ he doing when he _____ you?
(A) was; saw (B) were; see (C) did; seeing (D) does; sees

二、翻譯填空 10% (每格 1 分)

1. 王先生在過世之前，完成了他所有的工作。

Mr. Wang _____ all his work _____ he _____.

= Mr. Wang _____ he _____ all his work.

2. Billy 在訓練兩小時之後，他喝了許多水。

Billy _____ a lot of water _____ he trained for two hours.

= Billy trained for two hours _____ he _____ a lot of water.