# MUN- Part 2 Nation Research

2021.10.20 in LJIS







- Geography
- People and society

## 60

### In-depth Research

- Continent
- Neighbors
- Size (Km)
- Capital
- Weather
- Leader
- Religion

# Assigned Countries List ~Physical Geography~



## Assigned countries list ~Global issue : Covid 19~

## O Asia

Europe

America

- Japan
- South Korea
- China
- Singapore
- Vietnam
- Australia
- India
- ∍ Taiwan

- □ **U.K.**
- France
- Russia
- Germany
- Czech republic
- Lithuania
- Turkey

- USA
- Canada
- Brazil

## **Assigned Countries List**

Global issue: COVID-19



## **Assigned Countries List**

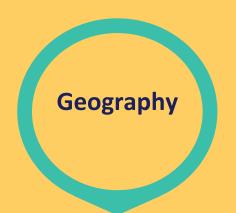
Global issue: COVID-19





## **Country Data research**

Country Profile





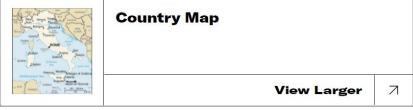




























#### INTRODUCTION

Italy became a nation-state in 1861 when the regional states of the peninsula, along with Sardinia and Sicily, were united. Italy is a charter member of NATO and the European Economic Community (EEC) and its subsequent successors the EC and the EU. At the forefront of European economic and political unification, Italy joined the Economic and Monetary Union in 1999.

#### GOVERNMENT

#### Chief of State

President Sergio MATTARELLA

#### Head of Government

Prime Minister Mario DRAGHI

#### Government Type

parliamentary republic

#### Capital

Rome

#### Legislature

bicameral Parliament or Parlamento consists of the Senate or Senato della Repubblica (320 seats) and the Chamber of Deputies or Camera dei Deputati (630 seats)

#### **GEOGRAPHY**

Area

Total: 301,340 sq km Land: 294,140 sq km Water: 7,200 sq km

#### Climate

predominantly Mediterranean; alpine in far north; hot, dry in south

#### Natural Resources

coal, antimony, mercury, zinc, potash, marble, barite, asbestos, pumice, fluorspar, feldspar, pyrite (sulfur), natural gas and crude oil reserves, fish, arable land

#### **ECONOMY**

#### **Economic Overview**

core EU economy; strong services, manufacturing, and tourism sectors; hard hit by COVID-19 disruptions but starting to recover; large EU exporter but data skews due to inflated port entry valuation; corruption somewhat stymies foreign direct investment

GDP (Purchasing Power Parity) \$2,322 trillion (2020 est.) GDP per capita (Purchasing Power Parity) \$39,000 (2020 est.) Industries - tourism, machinery, iron and steel, chemicals, food

processing, textiles, motor vehicles, clothing, footwear, ceramics Agricultural products - milk, grapes, wheat, maize, tomatoes, apples, olives, sugar beets, oranges, rice

Exports \$558.3 billion (2020 est.)

packaged medicines, cars/vehicle parts, refined petroleum, valves, trunks/cases, wine (2019)

partners: Germany 12%, France 11%, US 10%, UK 5%, Spain 5%, Switzerland 5% (2019)

Imports \$486.4 billion (2020 est.)

crude petroleum, cars, packaged medicines, natural gas, refined petroleum (2019)

partners: Germany 16%, France 9%, China 7%, Spain 5%, Netherlands 5%, Belgium 5% (2019)

#### PEOPLE & SOCIETY

#### Population

62.4 million (July 2021 est.)

**Population Growth** 0.09% (2021 est.)

#### Ethnicity

Italian (small clusters of

German-, French-, and Slovene-Italians in the north and Albanian-Italians and Greek-Italians in the south)

#### Language

Italian (official), German, French, Slovene

#### Religion

Christian 80.8% (overwhelmingly Roman Catholic with very small groups of Jehovah's Witnesses and Protestants), Muslim 4.9%, unaffiliated 13.4%, other 0.9% (2020 est.)







**Paris weather today** 

Google Search

I'm Feeling Hungry



https://www.bbc.com > weather

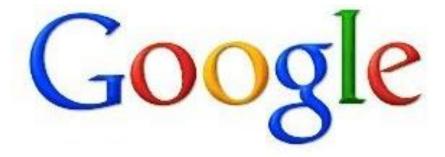
Paris - BBC Weather

14-day weather forecast for Paris.

https://weather.com → weather → tenday ▼ 翻譯這個網頁

Paris, France 10-Day Weather Forecast

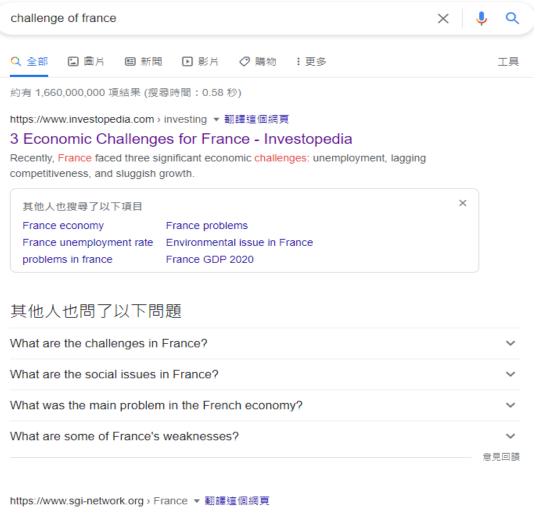
Be prepared with the most accurate 10-day forecast for Paris, France with highs, lows, chance of



**challenge of France** 

Google Search

I'm Feeling Hungry

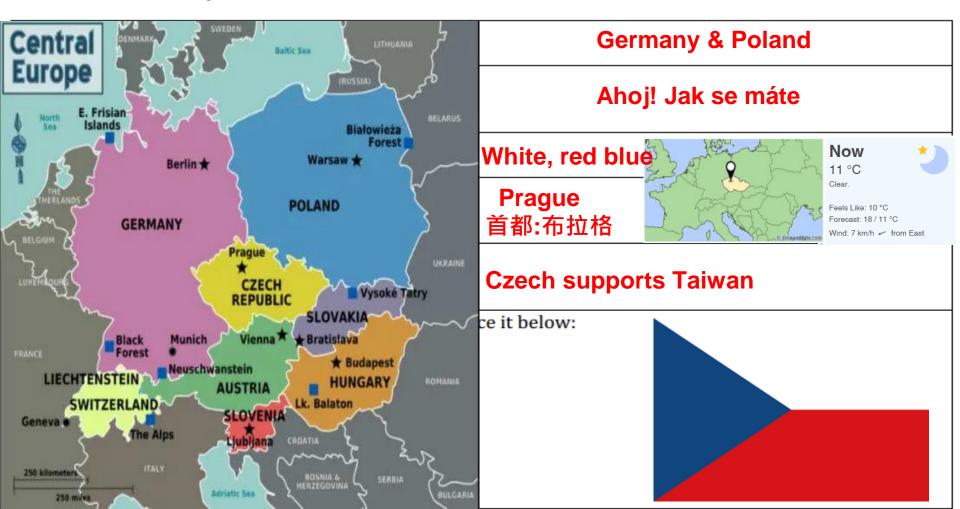


SGI 2019 | France | Key Challenges - Sustainable ...

The challenges that Erance has to face are not new but the collapse of the party system

## Country: Czech Republic 捷克

Continent: Central -Europe



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People and Society

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## Introduction

## **Background**

Italy became a nation-state in 1861 when the regional states of the peninsula, along with Sardinia and Sicily, were united under King Victor EMMANUEL II. An era of parliamentary government came to a close in the early 1920s when Benito MUSSOLINI established a Fascist dictatorship. His alliance with Nazi Germany led to Italy's defeat in World War II. A democratic republic replaced the monarchy in 1946 and economic revival followed. Italy is a charter member of NATO and the European Economic Community (EEC) and its subsequent successors the EC and the EU. It has been at the forefront of European economic and political unification, joining the Economic and Monetary Union in 1999. Persistent problems include sluggish economic growth, high youth and female unemployment, organized crime, corruption, and economic disparities between southern Italy and the more prosperous north.





### Geography **Location** Contents Southern Europe, a peninsula extending into the central Introduction Mediterranean Sea, northeast of Tunisia Geography **Geographic coordinates People and Society**

Energy	
Communications	
Transportation	

Environment

Government

Economy

Terrorism

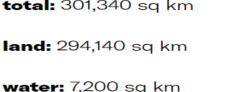
## Military and Security Transnational Issues



42 50 N. 12 50 E

Europe

**Map references** 



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### Map references

Europe

#### <u>Area</u>

total: 301,340 sq km

land: 294,140 sq km

water: 7,200 sq km

note: includes Sardinia and Sicily

country comparison to the world: 73

## Compare countries in size

#### <u>Area - comparative</u>

almost twice the size of Georgia; slightly larger than Arizona





## BRAZIL



#### GOVERNMENT

#### Chief of State

President Jair BOLSONARO

#### Head of Government

President Jair BOLSONARO

#### Government Type

federal presidential republic

#### Capital

Brasilia

#### Legislature

bicameral National Congress or Congresso Nacional consists of the Federal Senate or Senado Federal (81 seats) and the Chamber of Deputies or Camara dos Deputados (513) seats)

#### Judiciary

Supreme Federal Court or Supremo Tribunal Federal (consists of 11 justices)

#### Ambassador to US

Charge d'Affaires Fernando PIMENTEL US Ambassador

Ambassador William POPP

#### GEOGRAPHY

#### Area

Total: 8,515,770 sq km Land: 8,358,140 so km Water: 157,630 sq km

Climate

mostly tropical, but temperate in south

#### Natural Resources

alumina, bauxite, beryllium, gold, iron ore, manganese, nickel, niobium, phosphates, platinum, tantalum, tin, rare earth elements. uranium, petroleum, hydropower, timber





#### ECONOMY

#### Economic Overview

the eighth largest economy in the world is resource driven, but diversified, emerging in 2017 from multiple corruption scandals and a two year recession that ranks as the worst in the country's

#### GDP (Purchasing Power Parity)

\$3.248 trillion (2017 est.)

#### GDP per capita (Purchasing Power Parity)

\$15,600 (2017 est.)

#### Exports

\$217.2 billion (2017 est.)

partners: China 21.8%, US 12.5%, Argentina 8.1%, Netherlands 4.3% (2017)

#### Imports

\$153.2 billion (2017 est.)

partners: China 18.1%, US 16.7%, Argentina 6.3%, Germany 6.1% (2017)

#### PEOPLE & SOCIETY

#### Population.

211.7 million (July 2020 est.)

Population Growth 0.67% (2020 est.)

#### Ethnicity

white 47.7%, mulatto (mixed white and black)

43.1%, black 7.6%, Asian

1.1%, indigenous 0.4% (2010 est.)

#### Language

Portuguese (official and most widely spoken language); note: less common languages include Spanish (border areas and schools). German, Italian, Japanese, English, and a large number of minor Amerindian languages

O'Dear Brown

#### Religion

Roman Catholic 64.6%, other Catholic 0.4%, Protestant 22.2% other Christian 0.7%; Spiritist 2.2%, other 1.4%, none 8%. unspecified 0.4% (2010 est.)

#### Urbanization

urban population: 87.1% of total population (2020) rate of urbanization: 1.05% annual rate of change (2015-20 est.)



Contents Introduction Geography **People and Society Environment** permanent crops: 0.8% (2018 est.) Government **Economy** Energy forest: 61.9% (2018 est.) Communications Transportation Military and Security Transnational Issues 54,000 sq km (2012)

niobium, phosphates, platinum, tantalum, tin, rare earth elements, uranium, petroleum, hydropower, timber

## Land use

agricultural land: 32.9% (2018 est.)

arable land: 8.6% (2018 est.)

permanent pasture: 23.5% (2018 est.)

other: 5.2% (2018 est.)

Irrigated land

<u>Major watersheds (area sq km)</u>



Part I: Geography	Fact from CIA World Factbook
1. What is the total land area? What two countries are closest to it in size? (Click on the number next to the <u>country comparison to the world</u> ).	8.5 million sq km. China & Australia
What percentage of the land is used for <u>agriculture?</u> farming	32.9% (2018)

- 3. Describe the geography of this country in a 1-3 complete sentences:
- ♦ Size: Brazil is the sixth biggest country in the world and it's slightly smaller than the US.
- ♦ Climate: Brazil is mostly tropical, but temperate in south.
- **♦** Land use: 33.2% of land is used for agriculture.

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## People and Society

## **Population**

213,445,417 (July 2021 est.)

country comparison to the world: 7

## **Nationality**

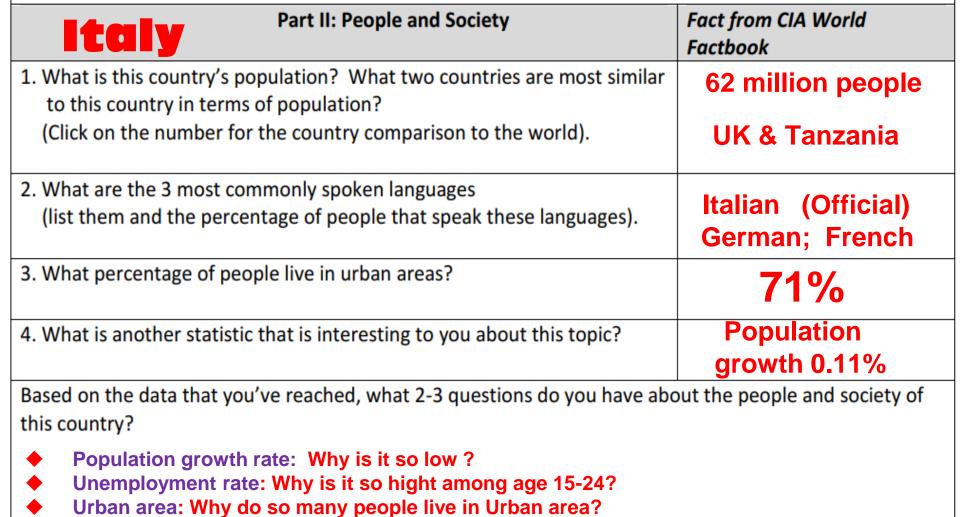
noun: Brazilian(s)

adjective: Brazilian

## Ethnic groups

White 47.7%, Mulatto (mixed White and Black) 43.1%, Black 7.6%, Asian 1.1%, Indigenous 0.4% (2010 est.)

## <u>Languages</u>





## **CIA** world factbook



