

L5 文法加油站

1. take (花費) 的句型：

以虛主詞 **it** 為首 **It takes** + 受詞 + 時間 + **to V**.

例：It took me half an hour to clean up the room. (我花了半小時打掃房間。)

虛主詞

真正的主詞

虛主詞真正的主詞	以名詞／動名詞為首名詞/ 動名詞 + takes + 受詞 + 時間 (+ to V).
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例：Making the cake took us three hours. (做這個蛋糕花了我們三小時。)

2. spend (花費) 的句型：

人 + **spend** + 時間 + **V-ing / on** + 名詞.

例：Miranda spent fifteen minutes doing the dishes.

(米蘭達花十五分鐘洗碗。)

Bob spent an hour on his math homework. (鮑伯花一小時做數學作業。)

3. take 和 spend 問句型：

How long / How much time + 助動詞 + **it** + **take** + **to V**?

How long / How much time + 助動詞 + 主詞 + **spend** + **V-ing / on** + 名詞?

例：How long does it usually take to finish the work?

(完成這項工作通常要花多久時間?)

How much time did you spend painting walls?

(你花多少時間油漆牆壁?)

4. take 和 spend 的比較：

	主詞	後接的詞
take	事物	to V
spend	人	V-ing / on N

L6 文法加油站 《cost、spend、pay 的用法》

1. **cost** 作動詞時表「某物要價多少」，因此搭配的主詞為「事物」。也可使用虛主詞句型。

	句型結構	例句
問句	How much + 助動詞 + 事物 + cost (+人)?	How much did this guitar cost? (這把吉他要多少錢?)
答句	事物 + cost (+人) + 價錢. It + cost(+人) + 錢 + to buy + 事物.	The guitar cost me NT\$3,000. (這把吉他花了我三千元。) It cost me NT\$3,000 to buy the guitar. (我花了三千元買這把吉他。)

2. **spend** 也有「花費(金錢)」的意思，所搭配的主詞為「人」。

	句型結構	例句
問句	How much + 助動詞 + 人 + spend (+on+事物)?	How much did you spend on this guitar? (這把吉他花了你多少錢?)
答句	人 + spend + 錢 + on + 事物.	I spent NT\$3,000 on the guitar. (我花了三千元買這把吉他。)

3. **pay** 是「付費、支付報酬」的意思，所搭配的主詞為「人」。

	句型結構	例句
問句	How much + 助動詞 + 人 + pay (+for+事物)?	How much did you pay for this guitar? (你付了多少錢買這把吉他?)
答句	人 + pay + 錢 + for + 事物.	I paid NT\$3,000 for the guitar. (我付了三千元買這把吉他。)

Usage cost、spend 和 pay 的用法

Read. 讀讀看。

The sweater **is** NT\$1,000.
The sweater **costs** NT\$1,000.
The sweater **cost** Jamie NT\$1,000.

Jamie **spent** NT\$1,000 **on** the sweater.
Jamie **paid** NT\$1,000 **for** the sweater.

Fill in the blanks. 根據對話內容，填入 cost、spend 或 pay。

1



Cindy: Look at my new T-shirt. It only cost me two hundred NT dollars.

Paula: Hey, I bought one like this last week, but I paid four hundred NT dollars for it.

Cindy: Too bad.

2



Nina: How much does the tie cost?

Ian: It costs two thousand NT dollars.

Nina: Are you going to spend that much money on a tie?

Ian: I'm not sure.

3



Sam: I spent fifty thousand NT dollars on a scooter yesterday. And I paid for it in cash.

Mia: Wow. That's a lot of money.

She'll Wear a Sweater to the Party

Class: _____ Name: _____

The usage of cost/spend/pay/take

1. Read. 閱讀下方內容，了解cost、spend、pay、take的用法。

cost	指「某物價錢為…」，主詞只能為物品或虛主詞it。例： The hat cost one hundred dollars. (這頂帽子要價一百元。) It cost me thirty dollars to buy the pen. (我花了三十元買這枝筆。)
spend	指「某人花費時間或金錢」，主詞只能為人。spend用來表「花費時間」時，後面可接 V-ing / on +名詞，用來表「花費金錢」時，則通常接 on +名詞。例： Tina spent thirty minutes taking a shower. (緹娜花了三十分鐘洗澡。) Tom spent five hundred dollars on the book. (湯姆花了三百元買這本書。)
pay	指「某人付錢(買)…」，主詞只能為人。例： We paid NT\$1,000 for the dinner. (我們晚餐付了一千元。)
take	指「某事花(人)多少時間」，主詞只能為事情或虛主詞it。 例： Biking around the lake took us an hour. (騎腳踏車環湖花了我們一個小時。) It took me two hours to clean my room. (我花了兩個小時打掃房間。)

2. Circle. 圈出正確的答案。

- (1) My mom was mad because I (pay / spent) too much time and money on comic books.
- (2) A: How long does it (take / spend) to walk to school from your house? B: Ten minutes.

- (3) A: How much did you (pay / cost) for the dress? It's so beautiful. B: It was cheap. It only (cost / spent) me four hundred dollars.
- (4) A: I (took / spent) three hours doing my math homework last night. It was so difficult. B: Well, it was easy for me. It only (took / spent) me an hour to finish it.