授課時間	110年9月28日下午14:10~15:00
地點	604 教室
What is COVID-	I. Warm up (Divide Ss into six groups)
	1. discuss with Ss on why this winter vacation
10	is longer than usua and build Ss background
19	knowledge on COVID-19 through videos online.
	現了天下
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0eeGU5EJUF8
	II. Presentation
	1. Brainstorming: have Ss keep on thinking
	about what they know about COVID-19
	2. Sort the information Ss share and draw a
	mind map on the blackboard \circ
	3. T starts teaching self-compiled materials
	What is COVID-19?
	(1)play audio file of reading (fast-paced &
	slow-paced, each once)
	(2)T explains grammar and meanings of
	reading in English
	(3)T checks Ss' s comprehension with the
	following Q&A,Ss are allowed to answer
	questions by raising hands and get bonus
	points for their own group •
	Q1: How does COVID-19 spread?
	Q2: What are the symptoms of COVID-19?
	Q3:Who should be aware of the virus in
	particular?
	III. Practice
	Ss are required to have discussion in groups to
	finish the mind map for COVID-19 mind-map and
	draw their mind map on a poster.
	IV. Evaluation
	Ss are required to share what they discuss on

stage, each group for 3 minutes • T evaluates
and gives feedback for each group.
V. Assignment
Ss are required to read the following book or
introduction about the book for the class next
week.
日本 日本 日本 日本 日本 日本 日本 日本 日本 日本

自編教材 Fight COVID-19



I. What is COVID-19?

A highly contagious respiratory disease caused by the SARS-CoV-2 virus. SARS-CoV-2 is thought to spread from person to person through droplets released when an infected person coughs, sneezes, or talks. It may also be spread by touching a surface with the virus on it and then touching one's mouth, nose, or eyes. The most common signs and symptoms of COVID-19 are fever, cough, and trouble breathing. Muscle pain, chills, headache, sore throat, and a loss of taste or smell may also occur. The signs and symptoms usually appear 2 to 14 days after exposure to the SARS-CoV-2 virus. Some people may not have any symptoms but are still able to spread the virus. Most people with COVID-19 recover without needing special treatment. But other people are at higher risk of serious illness. Those at higher risk include older adults and people with serious medical problems, such as heart or lung disease, diabetes, cancer, or a weak immune system. Serious illness may include life-threatening pneumonia and organ failure. Research is being done to treat COVID-19 and to prevent infection with SARS-CoV-2. Also called coronavirus disease 19.

