The Velveteen' Rabbit 《棉絨兔》

—Synopsis by Bertus van Aswegen



One Christmas, a boy received a velveteen rabbit as a present. He played with the rabbit at first but soon forgot about it as he **unwrapped**¹ the other presents he got. The rabbit was placed on a shelf in the boy's room, and it remained there for a long while.

The other toys in the room didn't like the rabbit. They were all mechanical* and thought they were **superior**.² The only toy that showed kindness to the rabbit was the Skin Horse. They often talked to each

《棉絨兔》為美國作家瑪格莉·威 廉絲(Margery Williams)創作的 第一本童書,在一九二二年出版,也 是最受歡迎的一本,為美國家喻戶曉 的兒童文學作品。

other. "What is REAL?" the rabbit asked the horse one day. "When a child loves you for a long, long time . . . then you become real," the horse **responded**.3

One night, the boy couldn't find the toy he usually slept with. His nana grabbed the rabbit from the shelf and gave it to the boy. "Here, take your old Bunny! He'll do to sleep with you!" she said. From that moment on, the rabbit slept with the boy every night and became his constant companion. The rabbit felt loved, and



關鍵解析 Language Notes

1. 授與動詞的用法

文中 show(展現)和 give(給予)皆作授與動詞用,授與動詞需要兩個受詞句意才完整,直接受詞為事物,間接受詞通常是人,直接受詞放在前面時,之後要加上適當的介系詞,如 show 和 give 搭配的 to。

授與動詞 + 直接受詞 + 介系詞 + 間接受詞

授與動詞 + 間接受詞 + 直接受詞

除了 show 和 give,其他搭配 to 的授與動詞還有:bring、give、lend、offer、send、sell等。

- I gave all of my T-shirts to my brother.
 我把所有的 T 恤送給了我弟弟。
- I'll send you the books tomorrow.
 我明天會將書寄給你。
- △ 直接受詞為代名詞時,則要放在間接受詞前面,如文中 gave it to the boy。

2. from that moment on 從那一刻起

from N. on 表示「從······開始」,用來表達某個活動、事件或情況等從······開始就持續進行,以下為常見例子:

from that day on 從那天起 from now on 從現在開始 from then on 從那時開始

- John went to his first concert when he was 10.
 From that moment on, he knew he wanted to be a musician.
- 約翰十歲時第一次去聽音樂會。從那一刻起,他就知道他 想要成為音樂人。
- From now on, I'll go to bed early every night.
 從現在開始,我每天晚上會早點睡。

Info Box

第3行片語 at first 指「起初、一開始」。

第 7 行片語 for a long while 表示「很長一段時間;很久」,與 for a long time 意思相同。

第 18 行 nana 在此為 nanny (保母;奶媽)的簡稱。

第 20 行 "Here, take your old Bunny! He'll do to sleep with you!" 摘錄自原文,後半句指「他能陪你睡」,do 在此指「能夠、可以」。

字彙 Vocabulary

* 為大考出現過的字彙

- 1. unwrap [ʌnˈræp] v. 拆開、打開……的包裝 (字首 un- 表示「相反」的意思;三態為 unwrap-unwrapped-unwrapped)
 Timmy couldn't wait to unwrap all of his birthday gifts.
- * 2. **superior** [su`pɪrɪə] adj. 優越的;優良的;比……強的 These shoes are more expensive than the others because they're of **superior** quality.
- *3. **respond** [rɪ`spand] v. 回答、回覆 I wrote an e-mail to Jeff, but he never **responded**.
- *4. **grab** [græb] v. 抓取、抓住;(匆忙地)拿取(三態為 grab-grabbed-grabbed)
 - Paula **grabbed** her keys from the table and ran out the door.
- * 5. **constant** [`konstant] *adj.* 忠實的;持續不斷的(文中 constant companion 字面意思是「忠實的夥伴」,表示「一直在身邊形影不離」的意思)

The **constant** noise of children screaming made the teacher feel stressed.

- ◆ 字彙小筆記:僅供參考
- ◆ velveteen [_vɛlvə`tin] n. 棉絨;仿天鵝絨
- * * mechanical [mə`kænɪkl] adj. 機械的
- * * companion [kəm`pænɪən] n. 同伴、夥伴

Give It a Try

請依提示與句意填入正確英文。

- Please bring your uncle a cup of coffee.(請將直接受詞與間接受詞位置對調來改寫)
- ② 從現在開始,你要照我說的做。

as I sav.

比利抓了禮物,在別人來得及阻止他之前就把它拆了。Billy the present and

it before anyone could stop him.

*答案請參閱第64頁