

## 教學目標

學生能瞭解形容詞比較級的形成規則，並熟練使用比較級句型。

## 教學建議

- 教師可先利用課本的表格講解比較級的形成規則。
- 也可複習先前教過的形容詞，熟悉比較級的形成規則，再利用 Write 進行小測驗。
- p. 8 的 B 部分，可先讓學生能正確判斷音節數，再進行講解。
- 最後可搭配 Activity 讓學生進行分享。

# Grammar Focus 1

- A**
- Turkey is bigger than Taiwan.
- Getting around in Taiwan is easier than in Turkey.
- The blue plates are cheaper than the purple ones.

Read. 讀讀看形容詞比較級形成的規則。 CD1: 9

### 1. 規則變化

直接加 -er	字尾為 e，直接加 -r	重複字尾加 -er	字尾為子音 + y，去 y 再加 -ier
cheap → cheaper	cute → cuter	big → bigger	busy → busier
dark → darker	fine → finer	fat → fatter	early → earlier
high → higher	large → larger	hot → hotter	easy → easier
new → newer	nice → nicer	thin → thinner	ugly → uglier

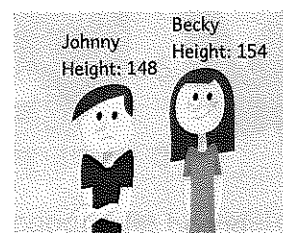
### 2. 不規則變化

good → better	bad → worse	many/much → more	little → less
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Write. 寫出下列形容詞的比較級。

- |                    |                  |                      |
|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| 1. great → greater | 2. late → later  | 3. hungry → hungrier |
| 4. high → higher   | 5. much → more   | 6. low → lower       |
| 7. dry → drier     | 8. fast → faster | 9. funny → funnier   |

Speak and write. 根據圖片內容說說看、寫寫看。



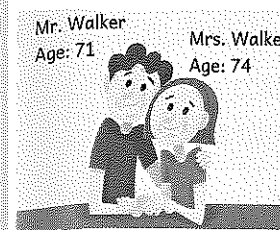
**Example** tall / short

Johnny is shorter than Becky.  
→ Becky is taller than Johnny.

## 文法加油站 教過之形容詞的比較級變化

1	直接加 -er : quiet、clean、poor、sweet、warm、cool、cold
2	字尾為 e，直接加 -r : close、safe
3	字尾為子音 + y，去 y 再加 -ier : lucky、healthy
4	雙音節、多音節或特定字尾 (-ed/-ous/-ful/-less 等) 的形容詞前方加 more : tired、special、careful、thankful、famous、difficult

**注意** lovely、friendly 和 handsome 的比較級可用 lovelier、friendlier、handsomer 或 more lovely、more friendly、more handsome。



### ① old / young

Mrs. Walker is older than Mr. Walker.  
→ Mr. Walker is younger than Mrs. Walker.



### ② good / bad

Leo's Chinese is worse than his English.  
→ Leo's English is better than his Chinese.



### ③ strong / heavy

The dog is stronger and heavier than the pig.



### ④ Mia's plants / big / nice / Nora's plants

Mia's plants are bigger and nicer than Nora's (plants).

## B

The beef dishes are more delicious than the pork dishes.  
The breakfast shop is more popular than the coffee shop.

Read. 讀讀看雙音節或多音節形容詞形成比較級的規則。 CD1: 10

handsome → more handsome	successful → more successful
famous → more famous	difficult → more difficult