### 主動句 VS 被動句動詞的形式

	(到)"可到问可加少工(			
時態		被動		
	結構	形式	BE	P.P.
現在簡單式	V be pp	take	is/am/are	taken
過去簡單式	V-ed be pp	took	was/were	taken
現在完成式	have/has +P.P. be PP	have/has taken	have/has been	taken
未來式	will +原 V. be PP	will take	will be	taken
<b>本本式</b>	BE going to +原 V. be PP	is/am/are going to take	is/am/are going to be	taken
現在進行式	BE +V-ing be pp	is/am/are taking	is/am/are being	taken
過去進行式	was/were +V-ing be PP	was/were taking	was/were being	taken

練習 1-被動語態的形式

說明:在不改變時態的前提下,將下列動詞改成被動式。 BE P.P. 1. Bob **mailed** the package. The package \_\_\_\_\_\_ by Bob. 2. The secretary is going to fax the letters. The letters \_\_\_\_\_ by the secretary. 3. A college student **bought** my old car. My old car \_\_\_\_\_\_ by a college student. 4.Mrs. Adams **will do** the work. The work \_\_\_\_\_\_ by Mrs. Adams. 5. Mr. Fox **washed** the windows. The windows \_\_\_\_\_\_ by Mr. Fox. 6. Ms. Hopkins **invited** me to dinner. I \_\_\_\_\_\_ to dinner by Ms. Hopkins. 7. A large number of people **speak** Spanish. Spanish \_\_\_\_\_\_ by a large number of people.

	by Shakespeare
9. This news <b>will amaze</b> you. You	by the news.
練習 2-主動與被動	
說明:將下列主動語態的句子改為被動	語態。
1.Did a cat kill a bird? $\rightarrow$	
2.My cat didn't kill the bird. $\rightarrow$	
3.Do a large number of people speak Fro	ench? →
4. Will a maid(女僕) clean our hotel roo	m? →
練習 3-主動與被動	
說明:在不改變時態的前提下,將下列	被動語態的句子改為主動語態。注意
有些句子是疑問句。	
1. Love and understanding are needed by	by all children. $ ightarrow$
2. Were you taught to read by your pare	ents? →
3. I was taught to read by my parents. –	<b>→</b>

### 練習 4-及物動詞(SVO)與非及物動詞(SV)

- \*及物動詞的句型才可以改被動。不及物因為沒有受詞,所以不可以改被動。 Andy bought those flowers.
- \* 非及物動詞:在動詞後面不可以接受詞。動詞只可以單獨存在。

Cathy smiles all the time.

Something happened.

說明:將下列句子中的動詞部分劃底線,並將可以改為被動式的句子打(O),不

# 能改為被動式的打(X)。

- ( ) 1. Jack walked to school yesterday.
- ( ) 2. Susie broke the window.
- ( ) 3. We stayed in a hotel.
- ( ) 4. I slept at my friend's house last night.
- ( ) 5. An accident happened at the corner of Third and Main.
- ) 6. Many people saw the accident.
- ( ) 7. Many people die during a war.
- ( ) 8. The leaves fell to the ground.
- ( ) 9. Did the Koreans invent gunpowder?
- ( )10. In the fairy tale, a princess kissed a frog.

## 練習 5-BY-片語

說明:將下列主動語態的句子改為被動語態,不需要加上「by-片語」。

- 1. Someone built this house in 1904. →
- 2. People grow rice in India.  $\rightarrow$
- 3. Do people speak Spanish in Peru?  $\rightarrow$

4. When did someone invent(發明) the first computer? →					
練習 6-被動形式					
說明:將下列現在進行式或過去進行式改為正確的被動形式,以完成下列句子。					
1. Mr. Rice is teaching our class today.→ Our class by					
Mr. Rice today.					
2. Someone is building a new house on Elm Street.→A new house					
on Elm Street.					
3. We couldn't use our classroom yesterday because someone was painting it.→					
We couldn't use our classroom yesterday because it					
練習 7-被動式情態助動詞 說明:將下列主動式情態助動詞改為被動式。					
1. Someone must send this letter immediately.					
→ This letter immediately.					
2. People should plant tomatoes in the spring.					
→ Tomatoes in the spring.					
3. You can find flowers in almost every part of the world.					
→ Flowers in almost every part of the world.					
4. You must keep medicine out of the reach of children.					

→ Medicine out of the reach of children.

underwater.

5. People can wear some watches underwater.

→ Some watches \_\_\_\_\_

練習 1-被動語態的形式	說明:將下列句子中的動詞部分劃底線,並將可以改為被動式的句子打(O),不能改為被動式
說明:在不改變時態的前提下,將下列動詞改成被動式。	的打 <b>(X)</b> 。
BE + P.P.	( X) 1. Jack walked to school yesterday.
1. Bob mailed the package. The packagewas mailed by Bob.	( O) 2. Susie <u>broke</u> the window.
2. The secretary is going to fax the letters. The lettersare going to be	( X) 3. We <u>stayed</u> in a hotel.
faxed by the	( X) 4. I <u>slept</u> at my friend's house last night.
secretary.	( X) 5. An accident <u>happened</u> at the corner of Third and Main.
3. A college student bought my old car. My old car <u>was</u> <u>bought</u> by a	( O) 6. Many people <u>saw</u> the accident.
college student.	( X) 7. Many people <u>die</u> during a war.
4.Mrs. Adams will do the work. The workwill be done by Mrs. Adams.	( X) 8. The leaves <u>fell</u> to the ground.
5. Mr. Fox washed the windows. The windowswere by Mr. Fox.	( O) 9. Did the Koreans <u>invent</u> gunpowder?
6. Ms. Hopkins invited me to dinner. Iwas invited to dinner by Ms. Hopkins.	( O)10. In the fairy tale, a princess <u>kissed</u> a frog.
7. A large number of people speak Spanish. Spanishis spoken by a large	練習 5-BY-片語
number of people.	說明:將下列主動語態的句子改為被動語態,不需要加上「by-片語」。
8. Shakespeare wrote Hamlet. Hamletwas written by Shakespeare.	1. Someone built this house in 1904. →This house was built in 1904.
9. This news will amaze you. Youwill be amazed by the news.	2. People grow rice in India. $\rightarrow$ Rice is grown in India.
	3. Do people speak Spanish in Peru? → Is Spanish spoken in Peru?
練習 2-主動與被動	4. When did someone invent(發明) the first computer? →When was the first computer
說明:將下列主動語態的句子改為被動語態。	invented?
1. Did a cat kill the bird? → Was the bird killed by a cat?	
2.My cat didn't kill the bird. →The bird wasn't killed by my cat.	練習 6-被動形式
3.Do a large number of people speak French? →Is French spoken by a large number of people?	說明:將下列現在進行式或過去進行式改為正確的被動形式,以完成下列句子。
4. Will a maid(女僕) clean our hotel room? →Will our hotel room be cleaned by a maid?	1. Mr. Rice is teaching our class today. → Our classis being taught by Mr.
練習 3-主動與被動	Rice today.
說明:在不改變時態的前提下,將下列被動語態的句子改為主動語態。注意,有些句子是疑	2. Someone is building a new house on Elm Street.→A new houseis being built on Elm
問句。	Street.
1. Love and understanding are needed by all children.	3. We couldn't use our classroom yesterday because someone was painting it.→ We couldn't
→All children need love and understanding.	use our classroom yesterday because itwas being painted
2. Were you taught to read by your parents?	練習 7-被動式情態助動詞
→Did your parents teach you to read?	說明:將下列主動式情態助動詞改為被動式。
3. I was taught to read by my parents.	1. Someone must send this letter immediately.
→My parents taught me to read.	→ This lettermust be sent immediately.
4. Are we going to be met at the train station by your cousin?	2. People should plant tomatoes in the spring.
→Is your cousin going to meet us at the train station?	→ Tomatoes <u>should be planted</u> in the spring.
	3. You can find flowers in almost every part of the world.

ightarrow Flowers \_\_\_can be found\_\_\_\_ in almost every part of the world.

練習 4-及物與不及物動詞

4. Y	ou must	keep	medicine	out	of the	reach	of	childrer	١.
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→ Medicine \_\_\_must be kept\_\_\_\_\_ out of the reach of children.

5. People can wear some watches underwater.

→ Some watches <u>can be worn</u> underwater.

歌曲學習單 Let's Sing!! (B5U3)

Class: \_\_\_\_\_



\_\_ Name:

She Will Be Loved (她會擁有真愛的) 演唱者: Maroon 5

### ♪ ● <u>Background Introduction【歌曲介紹】</u>

「Maroon 5」是耳熟能詳的搖滾樂團,他們的音樂裡充滿狂野奔放的感染力,又帶著一點神秘的氣息,歌曲有著搖滾力道,靈魂旋律及放克節奏,主唱 Adam Levine 的特殊嗓音也頗受矚目。這首歌描述一個傻男生愛上萬人迷女孩的青澀悲情故事,意境相當動人,細膩描述了暗戀的心情。歌詞中寫盡了為愛無條件付出卻總得不到女主角回報的好人心聲;歌曲中的女主角往往只有在傷心時才想到好人男孩的存在,儘管如此,始終陷得很深的男孩卻依然癡癡等著她,就算女生永遠把他當好朋友。

# ♪ Sentences and Grammar Tips 【精選歌詞文法解析】

Beauty queen of only eighteen, she had some trouble with herself
He was always there to help her, she always belonged to someone else
I drove for miles and miles, and wound up at your door
I've had you so many times, but somehow I want more
I don't mind spending everyday
Out on your corner in the pouring rain
Look for the girl with the broken smile
Ask her if she wants to stay a while

And she will be loved
And she will be loved
Tap on my <u>window</u>, knock on my door,
I want to make you feel <u>beautiful</u>

I know I tend to get so insecure,

Doesn't <u>matter</u> anymore

It's not always <u>rainbows</u> and <u>butterflies</u>,
it's compromise that moves us along, yeah

My heart is full and my door's always <u>open</u>, you come <u>anytime</u> you want, yeah

## ◎ 被動語態

**主動句(Active)** : 主詞(S.) + 動詞(V.) + 受詞(O.) 被動句(Passive) : 主詞(原受詞) + <u>be</u> 動詞 + <u>p.p(過去分詞)</u>+ <u>by</u> +受詞

1. 主被動語態改寫時, <mark>時態</mark> 要一致。	2. 把主動式的受詞移到句首形成被動式的主詞。
3. 把主動式的動詞做 be 動詞 + p.p. 的變化。	4. 把主動式的主詞移到句尾,前面加 by。

A.		未來簡單式	We will hold Luna's welcome party.			
		S + will/be going to + be + p.p.	→ <u>Luna's welcome party will be held by us.</u>			
	B.	現在完成式	Amber has finished her science report.			
	D.	S + have/has + been + p.p.	→ Amber's science report has been finished by her.			

**<u>ractice:</u>** Complete the sentences. Use the passive of these verbs.

grow	speak	use	raise	catch	write
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- 1. A lot of rice <u>is grown</u> in Vietnam.
- 2. Lots of sheep are raised in New Zealand.
- 3. French and English <u>are spoken</u> in Canada.
- 4. The euro(歐元) has been used in most of the EU since 1999.
- 5. The novel *Pride and Prejudice* was written by Jane Austen in 1813.
- 6. A wide variety of seafood will be caught by fishermen next month.