動詞過去式——表示過去的時間、狀態或動作

常見的過去時間adv

中文	英文	中文	英文
昨天	yesterday	以前	before
昨天早上/ 下午/ 傍晚	yesterday morning/ afternoon/ evening	上一次	last + 時間
昨夜	last night	某一年	in+過去年代
今天早上/ 下午/ 傍晚	this morning/ afternoon/ evening	之前	一段時間 + ago
		那時候	then/at that time

●「yesterday (+ 時間)」昨天 (...)

yesterday (morning/afternoon/evening) 昨天(早上 / 下午 / 傍晚)

• 「in + 過去時間」在... (過去某個時間點)

in the past 在過去 in the winter of 2020 在 2020 年冬天

● 「last + 時間」上個...

last night/week/year/... 昨晚 / 上週 / 去年 / ...

• 「一段時間 + ago」多久之前

a long time ago 好久之前 three hours/days/years... ago 3 小時 / 天 / 年前

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●「around + 過去時間」(過去某個時間點)左右

around 6 AD 西元 6 年左右 around last summer 去年夏天左右

3. 含有 be 動詞的過去式句子

(A)直述句:

主詞 + was (not) / were (not) + ... + (過去式時間副詞).

現在式		過去式			
I	am	a teacher.	I		a teacher.
He/She/ Nick	is	happy.	He/She/ Nick	was	happy.
We/You/ They/ The girls	are	at the park.	We/You/ They/ The girls	were	at the park.

Jack was busy yesterday.

Jack昨天很忙碌。

Jack and Sarah were busy yesterday.

Jack和Sarah 昨天很忙碌。

Nick wasn't at home two days ago.

Nick 兩天前不在家。

My sister and I weren't at home two days ago.

我和我姐姐兩天前不在家。

簡答: Yes, 主詞 + was/were.
Yes, he <u>was</u>. / Yes, they <u>were</u>.
詳答: Yes, 主詞 + was/were +...+ (過去式時間副詞).
Yes, he <u>was</u> at the park this afternoon.
Yes, they <u>were</u> busy yesterday.

(D)否定答句:

簡答:

No, 主詞 + wasn't/ weren't.

No, he <u>wasn't</u>. / No, they <u>weren't</u>.

• 詳答:

No, 主詞 + wasn't/ weren't + ... + (過去式時間副詞).

No, he wasn't at the park this afternoon.

(不,他今天下午不在公園。)

No, they weren't busy yesterday.

(不,他們昨天不忙。)

否定疑問句

Wasn't/ Weren't 主詞 ……?

Wasn't he busy yesterday?

昨天他不忙嗎?

No, he wasn't. He wasn't busy yesterday.

不,他不是。他昨天不忙。

Yes, he was. He was busy yesterday.

是的, 他是。他昨天很忙。

(E) wh-疑問句:

• 問句:

Where was/were +主詞...+ (過去式時間副詞)?

答句:

主詞+was/were +...+ (過去式時間副詞).

【例】

Where was Molly last Sunday?

(Molly 上週日在哪裡?)

She was at Anna's house last Sunday.

(她上週日在 Anna 家。)



V過去式規則變化

字尾 + -ed			
清潔	clean	clean <mark>ed</mark>	
洗	wash	wash <mark>ed</mark>	
走路	walk	walked	
想要	want	want <mark>ed</mark>	
觀賞	watch	watched	
拜訪	visit	visit <mark>ed</mark>	

字尾為e,直接加 -d			
運動	exercise	exercise d	
練習	practice	practiced	
關閉	close	closed	
喜歡	like	like <mark>d</mark>	
住	live	lived	
愛	love	loved	

字尾為「短母音 + 子音」,重複字尾子音加 -ed			
停止	stop	stopped	
慢跑	jog	jog <mark>ged</mark>	
計畫	plan	plan <mark>ned</mark>	
包裹	wrap	wrapped	

字尾為「子音 + y」,去y加 –ied			
催促	hurry	hurried	
研讀	study	studied	
擔心	worry	worried	

文法加油站 規則動詞過去式的變化

- 1. 助動詞 do、does 的過去式皆為 did。
- 2. 字尾為<mark>子音 + y</mark> 時 · 先去 -y 再加 -ied ·

例:cry → cried (哭泣) marry → married (和…結婚)

3. 字尾為<mark>短母音+子音</mark>時,先重複字尾再加 -ed。

例:plan → planned (計劃)

skip → skipped (跳過;略過)

文法加油站 規則動詞過去式的變化

4. 規則動詞過去式字尾 ed 的發音,取決於原字尾的發音。

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[d]原字尾為有聲子音,例: used \ loved[t]原字尾為無聲子音,例: watched \ danced[rd]原字尾為 [t] 或 [d],例: waited \ needed
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1. 一般動詞過去簡單式基本句型

(A) 肯定句:主詞 + 過去式規則動詞 ... + (過去時間副詞).

【例1】I <u>watched</u> the movie last night.

(我昨晚看了電影。)

(B)否定句:

主詞 + did not/didn't + 原形動詞 + (過去時間副詞).

【例1】

I <u>didn't</u> <u>visit</u> my grandpa the day before yesterday.

(我前天沒有去探望我的祖父。)

- (C) 疑問句: Did + 主詞 + 原形動詞 ... + (過去時間副詞)?
- (D) 肯定簡答: Yes, 主詞 did.
- (E) 否定簡答: No, 主詞 didn't.

【例】A: Did Cindy carry her umbrella yesterday?

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B: Yes, she <u>did</u>. /
No, she <u>didn't</u>.
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(A: 昨天 Cindy 有帶雨傘嗎?)

(B: 是的, 她有。/ 不, 她沒有。)

- 2. 一般動詞過去簡單式的wh-疑問句
- · what 問句:

What did Ben see there? (Ben 在那裡看到什麼?)

• who 問句:

Who did Emma talk to? (Emma 和誰說話?)

· when 問句:

When did John go to school? (John 什麼時候去學校?)

· where 問句:

Where did you get the pencil? (你在哪裡拿到那枝鉛筆?)

• how 問句:

How did Ken get into the house?

(Ken 是怎麼進到那房子的?)

her Chinese test and got a very good grade.
(A) studied (B) studies
(C) has studied (D) was going to study

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(C) 8. I _____ swimming for several years before
I went to this high school. I gave it up
because of heavy schoolwork.

(A) have practiced (B) am practicing
(C) practiced (D) would practice

否定疑問句

Didn't + S + 原V + 過去式adv?

Didn't she eat breakfast this morning?

他今天早上沒有吃早餐嗎?

Yes, she did. 是的, 她有吃早餐。

No, she didn't. 不, 她沒吃早餐。